Tier 1 - Prohibited

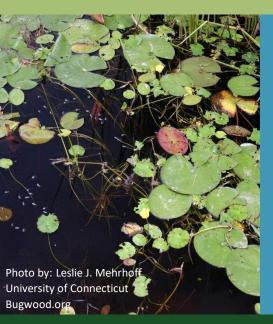
Yellow Floating-heart (*Nymphoides peltata*)



Description

Yellow floating heart can be identified by its round, heart-shaped leaves that float like "lily pads", and its 5-petaled, yellow flowers. The flowers, which are visible from June to September, are fringed, making them distinct from the commonly confused Spatterdock, which forms a cupshaped flower. Plantlets form at nodes interspaced along long, branching stolons (~6' long). The leaves are typically light green and have wavy margins. The underside of the leaves can sometimes be light purple to reddish. Yellow floating heart produces tuberous rhizomes from the floating plantlets, but the main stolon is rooted in the substrate. The flower produces a capsule-like fruit that contains seeds with hairs that allow it to attach to waterfowl and other aquatic animals. Infestations can also spread from plantlets that wash downstream.





Best Management Practice

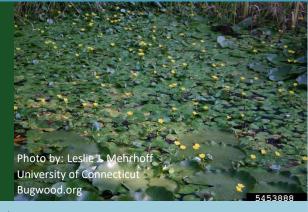
Native Range and Original Use

Native to Asia and Europe, yellow floating-heart is primarily found as an aquatic ornamental for landscaped water body installations. It is prohibited in NY but can be found for sale in neighboring states.

Habitat and Dispersion

Yellow-floating heart thrives in slow-moving water bodies such as wetlands, lakes, ponds, and channels. It can grow in depths up to 12' and persist in extremely low water levels. The vegetation forms dense mats that cover large portions of water bodies, outcompete native vegetation, and deplete oxygen levels in the water.

Mechanical removal is the most effective method for tackling this species, but glyphosate is a likely candidate for impactful chemical removals. If an herbicide were to be used, application must be carried out with great caution as to avoid native species, and ensure the chemical being used is aquatic safe.



Source: https://nas.er.usgs.gov/

If you find yellow floating-heart, please contact Sarah Coney at <u>sconey@catskillcenter.org</u> and report on iMaj

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